Holy Trinity Catholic Primary School

Pupil Premium Strategy

September 2016 – July 2017

IMPACT STATEMENT

Updates in red

1. N	Aain barriers to educational achievement faced by eligible (Pupil Premium) pupils	Success Criteria
Α.	The very youngest children in school (EYFS) have low levels of oracy, communication and language skills and struggle to communicate in an effective manner.	Increase percentage of children achieving GLD in communication and language at the end of Reception class (July 2016 57.1% PP) (July 2017 58.3% PP)
В.	The youngest children in school (EYFS) enter school with limited (lower than expected) maths number skills and early writing/mark making ability.	In school gap in maths narrow between pupils entitled to Pupil Premium and those not entitled (July 2016 -30.4% [PP 57.1%, Not PP 87.5%]) (July 2017 -8.4% [PP 58.3%, Not PP 66.7%]) Increase percentage of children achieving expected standard in writing at the end of Reception class. (July 2016 PP 57.1%)(July 2017 PP 58.3%)
C.	The low levels of oracy, communication, language and often lack of reading materials outside the school environment contributes to the difficulty in PP children developing phonics knowledge and skills.	Increase percentage of children achieving Phonics Standard at the end of Year 1 (July 2016 42% PP) (July 2017 89% PP)
D.	The low levels of stimulating maths and number opportunities outside the school environment continue to contribute to the difficulty in PP children developing maths and number skills.	Increase percentage of children achieving expected standard in maths at the end of KS1 (July 2016 36% PP) (July 2017 17% PP)
E.	Many PP children come from environments that lack books and where reading is not seen as a worthwhile pastime. Also purchasing books/visiting a library is not a common occurrence. Lack of reading stamina.	Increase percentage of children achieving expected standard and greater depth in reading at the end of KS2 and narrow gap between PP and Non PP (July 2016 Exp+ 20% PP & Non PP 59% Gap = -39%) (July 2017 Exp+ 44% PP & Non

					PP 57% 0	Gap = -13%)			
F.	A combination of poor oracy skills, local accent and colloquialisms contributes to					Increase percentage of children expected			
	PP children experiencing difficulties in being able to produce written EGP and S at					in EGPS and narr	ow gap between PP		
	the expected st	andard. Potential lack/	willingness/ability of home su	upport.	and non	PP (July 2016 27%	SPP & Non PP 47% Gap		
						July 2017 67% PP	& Non PP 79% Gap =		
					-12%)				
G.		•	arrier to PP children – if they'			in school attenda	• ·		
		-	be fully aware of their role an	d duty to			mium and those not		
	make sure their	child/children attend	school.				-2% ) (July 2017 Gap		
				of -1.6%)	,				
Н.			ties to access different enviro				every visit and provide		
		cultural activities, aesthetic or sporting visits which would enrich their					dren to experience		
	experiential lea	learning.				extra curricula activities including residentials.			
							All requests addressed and all targeted PP children fully included in all activities.		
0.01					children	fully included in a	all activities.		
	anned expenditure								
	demic Year:	2016 - 2017							
	-		istrate how they are using the		to improv	e classroom peda	igogy, provide targeted		
			nd support whole school strat	egies					
<u> </u>		eaching for all							
Desi	red outcome	Chosen	What is the evidence and	How will you e		Staff lead and	Success Criteria/		
		action/approach	rationale for this choice?	is implemente		when review?	Target Impact		
	eased parental	Make it Count	On entry data September	EYFS lead will		A. Coakley	Target: at least 69%		
-	agement in	Project in EYFS	2015 for Reception class	training provid	-		of PP children		
	Iren's learning.		children showed that 0%	School Improv		January '17	working at Expected+		
	ease percentage		of PP children were	Liverpool. A flo		July'17	in maths in July 2017.		
	nildren achieving		working at ARE for	will evidence w			Continue to narrow		
	ast Expected+ in		Maths. On exit data July	completed wit			gap in maths		
	hs (number) at		2016 showed that 57% of	children and fa			between pupils		
the e	end of Reception.		PP children were working	On entry data	and exit		entitled to PP and		

[Barrier B]		at GLD.	data for all children will be analysed. Monitor uptake and monitor feedback from parents. EYFS lead attended relevant training and parent engagement sessions attended by a small number of parents.		those not entitled (July 2016 -12.5%) In July 2017 gap narrowed to -8.4%. 58.3% of PP children at Expected or above
Increase percentage of children achieving at least expected standard in writing at the end of Reception. [Barrier B]	Pie Corbett – Talk 4 Writing Project in EYFS	On entry data September 2015 for Reception class children showed that 3% of children were working at ARE for writing. On exit data July 2016 showed that 67.7% of children were working at GLD.	All EYFS staff will attend training for Talk 4 Writing Project. A floor book will evidence work completed with the children. On entry data and exit data for all children will be analysed. EYFS staff all attended relevant T4W training and implementing strategies learnt	A.Coakley H.Gray December '16 March '17 July '17	Target at least 60% of children working at Expected+ in writing in July 2017. In July 2017 58.3% of PP children at Expected or above.
To promote and	Learning Mentor,	End of year data for July	Daily, weekly and half	H. Raley-	Target: to narrow or
improve good	Headteacher and	2016 indicates overall	termly monitoring of	Williams	close in school gap
attendance and	Admin Assistant to	attendance of all pupils	attendance overseen	L.Shipway	between those
punctuality of	continue to support	at 95.4 %. Attendance for	by Headteacher. £3000	L.Widdowson	entitled and those
targeted pupils.	improvement in	pupils entitled to Pupil	will also be added for		not entitled to PP of
Increase annual	parental engagement	Premium was 94.34 %	incentives.	October '16	-2%.

attendance for Pupil Premium pupils to at least 96%. [Barrier G]	and improved attendance and reduced PA. Work closely with EWO.	compared to attendance of non-Pupil Premium children at 96.34%. Target: to narrow or close in school gap of -2%.	Attendance diligently monitored according to above strategies. First day response in particularly good strategy to ensure children attend school.	December '16 February '17 April '17 May '17 July '17	In July 2017 Gap successfully narrowed to -1.6% Overall 96.1% PP 94.98% Non PP 96.5%
All pupils in Year 4 and Year 5 learn to play a musical instrument. [Barrier H]	Guitar lessons from specialist teacher for all of Year 4 and Year 5 children. Guitar lessons from specialist teacher for focus group of PP children.	Music lessons develop concentration and listening skills in children. It can also develop a love and appreciation of music which will be further encouraged in Year 6 and Secondary School.	Class teachers will assess how many tunes children are able to play on termly basis and outcomes will be reported in subject leader report for music. Class teachers and support staff usually join in the lessons themselves – positive role models. Children enthused by sessions	L. Browett December '16 March '17 July '17	Target: that children display confidence in handling an instrument and are able to play at least 2 recognizable tunes. They also can read basic music notation Pupil voice indicates that overall children have increased in confidence, increased in musical appreciation, can confidently handle a musical instrument and show great pride in being able to play a recognisable tune.

			Tot	al Budgeted cost	£27,918
ii. Targeted su	ipport				-
Desired outcome	Chosen	What is the evidence and	How will you ensure it	Staff lead and	Success Criteria/
	action/approach	rationale for this choice?	is implemented well?	when review?	Targets
Increased parental	Build a Bridge of	On entry data	EYFS lead will deliver	A. Coakley	Increase percentage
engagement in	Books Project in	consistently shows	workshop. A floor book	J. Allerston	9target 60%) of
children's learning.	EYFS. Targeted	children enter school	will evidence work		children achieving
Increase percentage	language support in	working below ARE in	completed with		Expected and above
of children achieving	EYFS.	communication and	children and families.	March 2017	in communication
expected standard in		language. Early	On entry and exit data	June 2017	and language at the
communication and		intervention will ensure	for all children who		end of Reception
language on exit data		children are able to reach	take part will be		class.
from EYFS.		age related expectations	analysed. Monitor		(July 2016 <i>,</i> 57.1%
[Barrier A]		not only in	uptake and monitor		PP).
		communication but also	feedback from parents.		
		in reading, writing and	Highly skilled Nursery		Limited involvement
		mathematics.	Nurse will provide the		of parents and
			Time to Talk and		absence of Nursery
			ELKLAN intervention in		Nurse stalled input
			Autumn, Spring and		of initiative,
			Summer. On entry and		however persevered
			exit data for all children		and in July 2017
			who take part will be		58.3% of PP childrer
			analysed. Termly data		achieved Expected
			will also be monitored		or above.
			by the SLT.		
Increase percentage	Small group	Children develop and	Extra support provided	A.Coakley	Percentage increased
of children achieving	withdrawal teaching	learn at different rates	in EYFS - extra teacher	H.Gray	(target 60%, July
at least Expected in	in EYFS	and in different ways.	2 days a week and		2016 was 57% of PP

mathematics and literacy at the end of Reception. [Barrier B]		Timely provision of this small withdrawal group in EYFS ensures that children working below ARE are able to make accelerated progress.	extra Nursery Nurse 3 days a week. Progress and attainment of targeted pupils will be monitored on a termly basis. Extra support provided as planned - though for most of the year, Nursery nurse absent due to sickness.	December '16 March '17 July '17	children) In July 2017 58% of PP children achieved at least Expected standard in literacy <u>and</u> mathematics.
Increase percentage of children achieving Phonics Standard at the end of Year 1. [Barrier C]	Small group withdrawal teaching in Year 1. Talk Boost intervention, which supports communication and language.	Children develop and learn at different rates and in different ways. Timely provision of this small withdrawal group in Year 1 ensures that children at risk of not achieving the expected standard can reach their full potential. Talk Boost intervention will focus on early communication skills that can reduce the gaps widening in reading, writing and spelling.	Extra support provided one day a week by a teacher to deliver high quality phonics teaching. Trained Nursery Nurse to deliver Talk Boost 3 times per week to target PP children. Progress and attainment of targeted PP pupils will be monitored on a half termly basis. Strategy implemented and targeted children provided with focused support. However Nursery Nurse absent	K. Quinton J. Allerston October '16 December '16 February '17 April '17 July '17	Target: at least 81% PP children to achieve Phonics Standard at the end of Year 1 in July 2017 (July 2016 42% PP children achieved phonics standard) At end of year in July 2017 89% of PP children successfully achieved the Phonics Standard.

			due to sickness for majority of the year.		
Accelerate progress of targeted Pupil Premium pupils in mathematics ensuring increase of Pupil Premium children achieving at least expected standard at the end of KS1. [Barrier D]	1 <sup>st</sup> Class @ Number 1 intervention and targeted support from teaching assistant in Year 2.	Historic data has shown that pupils who access this intervention are able to make on average 12 months progress in only 3.5 months. For those children at risk of not achieving expected standard or making at least expected progress – additional teaching through targeted intervention from trained teaching assistants in small groups or one to one ensures PP children can reach their full potential.	All interventions are taught by trained teaching assistants. All interventions have on entry and exit data to measure impact. School will use The Sandwell test to measure progress for 1 <sup>st</sup> Class @ Number 1. Termly assessments will be monitored by the SLT. Interventions will be monitored on a termly basis by the SENCO. Intervention groups successfully implemented particularly by SENCO and targeted PP children assisted given every chance available to make accelerated progress.	L. Towers D. Riley December '16 March '17 July '17	Increase percentage of children achieving expected standard in maths at the end of KS1 (July 2016 36% PP) In July 2017 17% PP children made sufficient progress to achieve expected standard. A small cohort with some complex needs. All children made progress – 1 child 5 steps, another 6 steps. SLT to review limited impact, taking into consideration cohort, as to continue with intervention or not.

Small group and one to one interventions provided by teaching assistants. (A2Z, CODE, Story Phonics) [Barrier C]	Targeted support from teaching assistants in Nursery, Reception and Year 1.	For those children at risk of not achieving expected standard or making at least expected progress – additional teaching through targeted intervention from trained teaching assistants in small groups or one to one ensures children can reach their full potential.	All interventions are taught by trained teaching assistants. All interventions have on entry and exit data to measure impact. Interventions will be monitored on a termly basis by the SENCO. Phonic interventions will be monitored on a termly basis by the Phonics Lead. Programme of interventions embedded aided by continual Phonics CPD for all key staff	L. Towers D. Riley H. Gray K. Quinton A. Coakley December '16 March '17 July '17	Progress made in phonics from on entry to exit. Close monitoring. Number of Y1 PP children achieving Phonics Standard increased from 42% in 15/16 to 89% in July 2017. 100% of Rec and Y1 made progress of at least one phase contributing towards progression of being able to subsequently achieve standard in 17/18 and 18/19.
Increase percentage of PP children achieving expected standard and greater depth in reading in KS2. [Barrier E]	Small group withdrawal teaching in Year 6. CODE and Rapid Readers interventions. Bug Club Comprehension used during daily the daily reading carousels.	Children develop and learn at different rates and in different ways. Timely provision of this small withdrawal group in Year 6 ensures that children at risk of not achieving the expected standard can reach their full potential. CODE and Rapid Readers are	All interventions are taught by trained teaching assistants. All interventions have on entry and exit data to measure impact. Termly assessments will be monitored by the SLT. Interventions will be monitored on a termly basis by the	M. Hughes D. Riley	Narrow the gap between PP and nonPP (July 2016 Exp+ 20% PP & Non PP 59% Gap = -39%) Gap narrowed: In July 2017 PP children achieving

		interventions for targeted children that focus on reading and comprehension skills. Bug Club Comprehension aims to develop a deeper understanding of texts, centres around rich meaningful discussion and helps to develop children's vocabulary.	SENCO. All of the listed strategies were employed over the year and targeted children fully involved. Interventions were closely monitored and further input where required was implemented.		Exp+ was 44% & Non PP children was 57%. The gap has therefore narrowed significantly from - 39% to -13%.
Small group and one to one interventions provided by teaching assistants. (1 <sup>st</sup> Class @ Writing – The Pirate Writing Crew, 1 <sup>st</sup> Class @ Number 2, CODE, Story Phonics, Success @ Arithmetic ) {Barriers E & F]	Targeted support for PP children from teaching assistants in Year 3, Year 4 and Year 5.	For those children at risk of not achieving expected standard or making at least expected progress – additional teaching through targeted intervention from trained teaching assistants in small groups or one to one ensures children can reach their full potential.	All interventions are taught by trained teaching assistants. All interventions have on entry and exit data to measure impact. Interventions will be monitored on a termly basis by the SENCO. Interventions as listed all fully implemented during the year with trained TAs maximising time and resources available to provide quality support.	D. Riley M. Marsden G. Cummings M. O'Neill L. Browett December '16 March '17 July '17	Progress made from on entry to exit in writing. Close monitoring. On entry and exit data data for PP children in each year group in writing: Y3 Aut'16 Exp+ 46% Y3 Sum'17 Exp+ 57% Y4 Aut'16 Exp+ 15% Y4 Aut'16 Exp+ 15% Y4 Sum'17 Exp + 44% Y5 Aut'16 Exp+ 0% Y5 Sum'17 Exp+ 20%

					Therefore progress made in all year groups through the year, SLT to look at how greater percentage of children progressing can be made during 17/18
Increase percentage of PP children achieving expected standard in EGPS in KS2. [Barrier F]	Small group withdrawal teaching in Year 6.	Children develop and learn at different rates and in different ways. Timely provision of this small withdrawal group in Year 6 ensures that children at risk of not achieving the expected standard can reach their full potential.	High quality teaching will be delivered by the Deputy Head teacher. Extra booster session will be provided for children to attend after school. Attainment for pupils will be monitored on a termly basis. Strategies as described fully delivered, children closely monitored and potential gaps soon spotted and addressed.	R. Berndt M. Hughes December '16 March '17 July '17	Targets: at least 61% children to achieve expected Standard in EGPS at the end of KS2. (July 2016 27% PP & Non PP 47% Gap = -20%) In July 2017 67% PP children achieved the expected standard in EGPS & 79% of nonPP children achieved standard. The Gap has been reduced to -12% Impact of intervention signif. In terms of both

Accelerate progress of PP targeted children in Year 2 who did not achieve Phonics standard at the end of Year 1. [Barrier C]	Readers Count 1:1 Phonics intervention	Historic data has shown that pupils who access this intervention are able to make an average Reading Age gain of 14 months in 4.5 months – over 3 times the expected progress.	High quality teaching will be from the SENCO and supported by Nursery Nurse. This intervention will have on entry and on exit data to measure impact. Termly assessment will be measured by the SLT. SENCO provided support as listed but limited amount by Nursery Nurse due to absence.	D. Riley J. Allerston December '16 March '17 July '17	significantly increasing the number of PP children achieving EXP+ in EGPS and in closing the gap between PP and nonPP. On entry and on exit data to measure impact on accelerated progress of PP children. 0% of PP chn achieved Phonics standard by end of Y2. Group of 3 chn all of whom are SEN. All made raw score progress, one child 4 marks away from achieving standard.
Opportunity to read with reading partner twice a week. Promote enjoyment and love of reading resulting in at least	Targeted Reading support for vulnerable pupils from Beanstalk.	Additional time with a trained adult to support reading on a one to one basis – special time not only to further develop reading skills but to instil	Attainment for targeted pupils will be monitored on a termly basis.	H. Raley- Williams M. Hughes December '16 March '17	1/3 chn (33%) improved scale score

expected progress		a lifelong love of reading,		July '17	
for all pupils		stories and books. This			
involved.		time will also boost			
[Barrier E]		confidence.			
			Total Budget	ted cost: £109,324	4
iii Other approaches					
Desired outcome	Chosen	What is the evidence and	How will you ensure it	Staff lead and	Success Criteria/
	action/approach	rationale for this choice?	is implemented well?	when review	Targets
Subsidise educational	Targeted children to	All targeted children	Headteacher and	H. Raley-	
visits and residentials	access a range of	offered opportunity to	Deputy will ensure that	Williams	Ensure all eligible
[Barrier H]	educational visits and	access residentials and	targeted families are	R. Berndt	children have taken
	residentials	school visits that incur a	aware of support		part in visits and
		charge. This ensures	available and monitor	December '16	have been offered
		equality of opportunity	uptake and	March '17	assistance with
		offered to all children	involvement.	July '17	residentials.
		ensuring economic			Successful
		disadvantage will not	Assistance and		programme of
		prevent involvement.	encouragement		residential visits to
			provided to families as		Condover Hall in
			and where arose during		May '17. All childrer
			the year. Able to		who wished to go
			subsidise activities for		were able to. All
			PP children – all		visits totally
			included in all curricular		inclusive with all PP
			and extra curricular		chn involved in all
			activities.		visits.
			Final Budge	ted cost: £137,24	2